

## Notifications by the Government of India.

### MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

### PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

*Fort William, the 10th July 1874.*

Financial Department, No. 3928, Fort William, the 26th June 1874.

READ extract from the proceedings in the Military Department, No. 61, (*Pay and Allowances*), dated the 1st June 1874, submitting for consideration and orders a question as to whether

*It is requested that the above heading, with number and date of this communication, may be quoted in any subsequent correspondence on this subject.*

the grade pay of Surgeon-Major C. G. Wiche, whilst in medical charge of the Yerrowda Jail, should be a civil or a military charge, he not having been employed in the Military Department while holding that charge.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council observes that in the proceedings ending with Financial Resolution No. 1065, dated 23rd July 1868, it was laid down that, as a rule, the medical should not be separated from the executive charge of a central jail, a medical officer being ordinarily selected for the charge, on the pay laid down in the Financial Resolution No. 3276, dated 24th December 1867.

It was added that, when it is found absolutely necessary to appoint a non-medical officer to the post, a separate allowance for the medical charge was of course unavoidable, and the Financial Resolution, dated 23rd July 1868, accordingly fixed Rs. 100 a month, as the additional allowance to the Civil Surgeon for his medical charge of the central jail, when the executive charge is held by a non-medical officer, and laid down that “in such a case, however, the combined cost of the allowance to the medical officer, and the payment to the non-medical superintendent should not exceed the consolidated salary which would have been payable for the combination of the two charges in one person.”

Afterwards the preferential employment of non-medical men in the executive charge of central jails was generally allowed by Home Department's Resolution No. 819-831, dated 16th June 1869, on the condition that “whenever the superintendence and medical charge of a central jail are not united, the allowance for the latter will be Rupees 100, and in exceptional cases in which the central jail is at a distance from the medical officer's station, Rupees 150; but strict attention must always be paid to the Resolution of the Financial Department, (No. 1065, dated 23rd July 1868) that the aggregate cost of the administrative and medical charges, when held separately, is not to exceed the total salary payable for the combination of the two charges in one person.”

Subsequently in fixing the scale of salaries for non-medical superintendents of central jails, it was repeated in Financial Resolution No. 1821, dated 31st March 1871, that “it is not proper to deviate from the principle laid down in the Resolution of Financial Department of 23rd July 1868, No. 1065, namely, that the aggregate cost of the administrative and medical charges when held separately shall not exceed the total sum payable when both charges are combined in the same person. Nor is there any reason to alter the rule in the Resolution of the Home Department, No. 819-831, dated the 16th June 1869, prescribing for the separate medical charge of a central jail, an allowance of Rupees 100 a month or, in special cases at the discretion of the local Government, Rupees 150 a month.”

The limitation of the aggregate expense for the medical charge and the administrative superintendence (when the latter is held by a non-medical man), within the pay of a commissioned medical officer in entire charge of a central jail, renders it indispensable that the medical charge on the extra allowance of Rupees 100 or Rupees 150 should be held by the Civil Surgeon of the district, or by a medical officer who has some other substantive appointment; without this, the limit of expense would be exceeded, and the object of liberating an effective medical officer for other duty by substituting for him a non-medical superintendent of a central jail would be frustrated.

In the case of the Yerrowda Jail, the application of the Government of Bombay, which the Government of India allowed, was that “sanction may be accorded to the appointment of a Superintendent of that (Yerrowda) Jail on a salary commencing at Rupees 600 per mensem, in accordance with the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 1821,



“dated 31st March 1871. The Superintendent will not, I am to add, be a medical man. The medical officer in charge of the Yerrowda Central Jail will receive an allowance of Rupees 100 per mensem.

The limitation, under the Financial Resolution dated 31st March 1871, of the total expense for medical charge and non-medical superintendence within the amount which would have been payable to a medical officer in entire and undivided charge of the central jail, was thus a proposal of the Bombay Government. Instead, however, of the Civil Surgeon of the Poona District being placed in medical charge, that charge was given to another medical officer who had no other substantive appointment—thereby engrossing the services of two officers, (a medical and a non-medical man) exclusively for the central jail,—defeating the purpose for which a non-medical superintendent is allowed, and raising the aggregate expense for the medical charge, and the non-medical superintendence of the Yerrowda Jail to Rupees 1,793 rising to Rupees 2,043 per mensem.

The Military Department cannot be charged with the military pay of Dr. Wiche while he was in medical charge of the Yerrowda Jail, without doing any duty in the Military Department. Accordingly that pay should be debited to the Provincial Services of the Bombay Presidency, and as two effective officers—one medical, the other non-medical—cannot be allowed, the Bombay Government should discontinue the charge for the second officer, either by transferring the medical charge of the Yerrowda Jail to the Civil Surgeon of Poona, or by placing the executive as well as medical charge under Dr. Wiche.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Military \* Department, the Government of Bombay, and the Accountant-General, Bombay.

\*Original papers returned.

R. H. HOLLINGBERY,  
Asstt. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 657.

Copy of the above forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, for information.

“By Order,”  
H. K. BURNE, Colonel,  
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

#### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

##### NOTIFICATIONS.

##### ESTABLISHMENT.

Fort William, the 1st July 1874.

No. 418.—Captain H. S. Clive, R. E., returned from furlough, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department as an Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, and posted to Mysore.

Fort William, the 4th July 1874.

No. 427.—The appointment to the Public Works Department, Mysore, of Mr. J. Coghlan, as a temporary Overseer, 3rd Grade, in Notification No. 406 of the 23rd ultimo, is cancelled.

C. H. DICKENS, Colonel, R. A.,  
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

#### General Orders by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

##### MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Ootacamund, the 3rd July 1874.

No. 164 of 1874.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Captain J. S. F. Mackenzie of the Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, 4th Class, Mysore Commission, on furlough on private affairs for ten months and twenty-six days, under the Regulations of 1868, and to embark from Bombay.

A. C. SILVER, Colonel,  
Secretary to Govt.